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NO. 47.

IS A FAMOUS TRIAL

Charge of Murder Against Patterson Woman Before the Court

CASE FOR THE STATE OUTLINED

Assistant District Attorney Rand Says the Alleged Murderess Was Determined Young Should Not Sever His Relations With Her By Going Abroad—Revolver Used in the Shooting Purchased by Her and Her Brother-in-law at a Pawn Shop—Several State's Witnesses Examined—Dense Crowds at the Afternoon Session.

New York, Special.—The trial of Nan Patterson for the murder of Bookmaker "Caesar" Young, was fairly begun before Justice Davis in the Supreme Court Monday, and when adjournment was taken Assistant District Attorney Rand had concluded his outline of the State's case, and had examined several of the witnesses for the prosecution.

The stories that there would be further delay in the trial were early dispelled by the announcement from the court that Foreman Henricks, of the jury, who had asked to be relieved, would not be excused. Then came Mr. Rand's opening, in which he said the State's witnesses would prove that Nan Patterson killed Young, and that the killing was planned several hours before the morning on which Young met his death.

There was not an unusually large crowd in the court this morning, but when the doors were opened for the afternoon session there was a rush to gain admittance which swept the squad of court officers off their feet. The main floor of the Criminal Court building was a solid mass of people, and those who had business in the court had to fight to even reach the vestibule. The crush became serious in a short time, and police were called in from the streets to aid in maintaining order.

Mr. Rand said in his opening that the crime would be proven by strong circumstantial evidence. He sketched the relations of Young and Nan Patterson, saying that in March, 1904, at his wife's pleading, Young decided to shake Nan Patterson. "She was given \$800 to leave him. I am compelled to show the relation that existed between Young and this woman. This evidence will not be milk for babies, therefore let us be strong enough to face the truth, though we would rather turn aside."

He detailed the movements of Miss Patterson and Young, declaring that notwithstanding the money which was given her as an inducement to leave, Nan said she had a better claim on Young than any other woman, and refused to give him up.

Mr. Rand declared that on June 3, J. Morgan Smith, the prisoner's brother-in-law, accompanied by a woman, purchased a revolver at Hiram Stern's pawn shop.

"The same night," he said, "Nan and Young met and went to Planer's saloon, where they remained until 3 o'clock the next morning. During the night there was a series of scenes between Young and his mistress. When he told her that he was going away, she replied that he could not, and that he could not hide himself on any acacia line."

"Next morning Young met Nan and they drove down town together in the limousine cab in which the tragedy occurred. After the shooting, the revolver, bought on the previous evening at the pawn shop, was found in the dead man's right hand coat pocket.

"I am not going to produce J. Morgan Smith, because he has left the State. After the purchase of the revolver he was seen quarreling with Nan Patterson near the Sixth avenue pawn shop. He was heard to say to her 'You must do it,' and she replied, 'I will not.' Then Smith slapped his sister-in-law's face and pushed her into the cab and sent her home."

The first witness to be called from among those who were in the vicinity of the cab where Young was shot was Wm. J. Junior, a policeman. His attention had been called to a commotion in the cab by a citizen, and as the vehicle drew up he ordered the driver to stop. As he climbed upon the step he saw a man whose body had been concealed by the closed door. The man was unconscious. Miss Patterson told him that her companion had shot himself, and he ordered the cabman to drive to a hospital. In the meantime he had found a revolver in the right hand pocket of Young's coat.

CIRCUS ROBBED AT TARBORO

Forepaugh-Sells Bros. Victimized in a Mysterious Manner.

Tarboro, Special.—The safe in the ticket wagon of Forepaugh & Sells Bros. circus was robbed of over \$30,000 Saturday morning. This money had been reserved to pay off employees after disbanding tonight. A guard had been left over the safe, but is said to have left his post after the circus train arrived, when it is thought the safe was rifled.

Warrants were immediately served, and about twenty employees arrested, but all except the guard were discharged, because of insufficient evidence. Detectives have been put on the case. The management has decided to postpone the sale of the circus until after they have gone to winter quarters.

All the animals, paraphernalia, etc., will be shipped to Columbus, Ohio, and the hundreds of employees will scatter in various directions. On account of the robbery, the show will not disband before probably next week. The manager believes the guilty party will be apprehended before moving from Tarboro.

The circus arrived in Tarboro Saturday morning in three sections over the Atlantic Coast Line. The first section arrived at 12:30, the second at 1 o'clock and the third at 3 o'clock.

The pay wagon had been broken into and robbed during transit or shortly after it arrived in Tarboro. The robbery was discovered shortly after 5 o'clock in the morning and efforts were made to capture the thieves.

Police Chief Walter Johnson said: "We have no clue to the robbers, but suspect the deed was done by people connected with the show, who were familiar with the manner the cash was handled and who had made their plans complete before undertaking to get the money."

A reward of \$2,500 has been offered for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons who robbed the safe of the Forepaugh-Sells circus.

Young Man Kills Himself.

Asheville, Special.—John O. Grimes, a well-known young man of this city, employed as a bookkeeper in the nursery department of the Vanderbilt estate, at Asheville, committed suicide Sunday morning between 10 and 11 o'clock by taking poison and then plunging into the river. It is said that a love affair is responsible. Mr. Grimes was one of the best known and most popular young men of the city. He came here about eight years ago from Washington, and has since made Asheville his home. Saturday night he was on the streets with his friends until close to midnight, and appeared in high spirits and those who were with him little dreamed that he contemplated self-destruction.

Lumberman Incinerated.

Elizabeth, Ga., Special.—A colored man named Grandy was burned to death at the J. J. Watson lumber camp about five miles from the city. A party of colored men occupied a shack at the mill, and Grandy had left the camp in the night to go hunting for possums. It is not known what time he returned but the men say that he evidently came in after midnight. BATHROOMS came in very cold and built a large fire. He went to sleep, and left the fire burning very brightly, and it is supposed that the shack caught from this. When discovered by the other men, the entire interior was on fire, and they had barely time to get out when the roof fell in.

\$80,000 Fire at Asheville.

Asheville, Special.—Fire which broke out in the kitchen of the Theobald Candy Company, at 10:20 Sunday night did damage to the extent of about \$80,000. The flames were practically extinguished shortly after midnight.

The principal losses are the Theobald Candy Company, building and stock destroyed; the Asheville Music Company and Bender's hair dressing establishment.

Negro Kills Farmer.

Daisy, Ga., Special.—Mr. A. J. Edwards was shot and instantly killed by Charles Davis, colored, at 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The negro was immediately shot and killed by a son of Mr. Edwards. The trouble arose over a dispute about some cotton. Mr. Edwards was one of Tatham county's best citizens and a large farmer.

Telegraphic Briefs.

James Duncan, Vice-President of the American Federation of Labor, read the report of the Executive Council, at the annual meeting in San Francisco.

The National Wholesale Druggists' Association met in New Orleans.

The National Association of Railroad Commissioners' annual convention met in Birmingham, Ala.

Representative J. A. T. Hull, an Iowa "stand-patter," believes the tariff and revenue laws will be revised.

Prince Fushimi, of Japan, was formally presented to the President and was the guest of honor at a White House dinner.

Roosevelt Going to Texas.

Washington, Special.—President Roosevelt, according to his present intentions will visit Fort Worth, Texas, in the spring on the occasion of the reunion of the First Volunteer Cavalry (Rough Riders). He has given his assurance that unless something unforeseen happens he will make the trip. With the possible exception of an address to his comrades, it is stated that the president will make no speeches, either going or returning.

BETTER CITIZENSHIP

President Spoke Sunday On a Higher Patriotism

ADDRESSED A CATHOLIC AUDIENCE

Anniversary Celebration at St. Patrick's Church, Washington, Signified by the Presence of the Chief Executive, Who Spoke From a Balcony of the Rectory to Crowded Streets—Little Care For Moral Weaklings, But a Welcome for the Highest Endeavor by Men of Every Creed.

Washington, Special.—President Roosevelt made an address Sunday at the 110th anniversary celebration at St. Patrick's church and the dedication of Carroll Hall, the new parochial building and parish school. The Rev. Dr. D. J. Stafford, rector of St. Patrick's, acted as the master of ceremonies. Cardinal Gibbons, several archbishops and other dignitaries of the Catholic Church attended the exercises, the former making an address immediately preceding that of the President. H. B. MacFarland, president of the board of commissioners of the District of Columbia, was the concluding speaker.

The Knights of Columbus formed a guard of honor for the President, but a squad of policemen was necessary to open the crowded streets. Cheer after cheer went up as the President and his escort appeared. He was met at his carriage by Father Stafford, and as he passed into the rectory a children's choir of 200 voices, stationed in front of the church, sang hymns.

Dr. Stafford introduced President Roosevelt as "the man of even-handed justice; the President of the 'square deal'." President Roosevelt thanked the rector and joined in the laugh which preceded his speech. In greeting he spoke in part as follows:

"It is a great pleasure to me to be present with you to-day, to assist at the dedication of the school, hall and rectory, of this parish. I am glad to have been introduced to Cardinal Gibbons, by you, the spiritual representative in a peculiar sense of that Bishop Carroll who played so lustrious a part in the affairs of the Church, and whose kinsfolk played as illustrious a part in the affairs of the nation at the dawn of this government. In greeting all of you I wish to say that I am especially glad to see the children present. (Cheers and applause.) You know I believe in children. I want to see enough of them and of the right kind. (Applause.)"

"I wish to-day, in the very brief remarks that I have to make, to dwell upon this thought, that while in this country we need wise laws honestly and fearlessly executed, and while we cannot afford to tolerate anything but the highest standard in the public service of the government, yet that in the last analysis the future of the country must depend upon the quality of the individual home, and of the individual man or woman in the home, and that very largely depends upon the way in which the average boy or girl is brought up. (Cheers and applause.)"

Therefore, a peculiar responsibility rests upon those whose life work is to see to the spiritual welfare of our people and upon those who make it their life work to try to train the children of the future so that they will be worthy of that future. The rules of good citizenship are tolerably simple. The trouble is not in finding them out; the trouble is in living up to them. I wish to see in the average American citizen the development of two sets of qualities, which we can roughly indicate as sweetness and strength—the sweetness on the one hand which makes the man able to hold his own, and those which on the other hand make him jealous for the rights of others just as much as for his own rights.

"You probably know that I do not care very much for the war of the moral weakling. I wish to see in the manliness, in the woman womanliness, the willingness to face work, to face, you men, if it is necessary, the danger, the determination not to shrink back when temporarily beaten in life, as each one will now and then, but to come up again and wrest triumph from defeat. I want to see you men strong men and brave men, and in addition I want to see each man of you feel that it has strength and courage are joined the qualities of tenderness toward those he loves, who are dependent upon him, and of right dealing with all his neighbors.

"Finally, I want to congratulate all of us on certain successes that we have achieved in the century and a quarter that has gone by of our American life. We have difficulties enough, and we are a long way short of perfection. I do not want to see any immediate war or growing too good; there is ample room for effort yet left. But we have achieved certain results; we have succeeded in measurably realizing certain ideals. We have grown to accept it as an axiomatic truth of our American life that the man is to be treated on his worth as a man, without regard to the accidents of his position. (Applause.) that this is not a government designed to favor the rich man as such, or the poor man as such, but it is designed to favor every man, rich or poor, if he is a decent man who acts fairly by his fellows. (Cheers and applause.) We have grown to realize that part of the foundations upon which our liberty rests is the right of each man to worship his Creator, according to the dictates of his conscience, and the duty of each man to respect his fellow who so worships Him. (Cheers and applause.) And, oh

countrymen, one of the best auguries for the future of this country, for the future of this mighty majestic nation of ours, lies in the fact that we have grown to regard one another, that we brothers have grown to regard one another, with a broad and kindly charity, and to realize that the field for human endeavor is wide; that the field for charitable, philanthropic, religious work is wide, and that while a corner of it remains untill, we do a dreadful wrong if we fail to welcome the work done in that field by every man, no matter what the creed, only he works with a lofty sense of his duty to God and his duty to his neighbor. (Cheers and applause.)"

A Confederate Wedding.

Petersburg, Va., Special.—General James Magill, of Pulaski, Va., and Miss Lucy Lee Hill, youngest daughter of Confederate Lieutenant General A. P. Hill, were married at St. Paul's church, in this city Wednesday. Right Rev. A. M. Randolph and Rev. Dr. C. O. Bunting officiating. It was a military wedding, with Confederate decorations and several Confederate camps of Virginia attended in a body. The A. P. Hill camp of Confederate veterans, of this city, presented the bride with a purse of \$150 in gold, and Wilcox Grand Army post of Springfield, Mass., sent 26 one-dollar gold pieces.

Parker Moves to New York.

New York, Special.—Judge Alton B. Parker, recent Democratic candidate for President, opened a law office in the building at 32 Liberty street, in this city last week. At the same time he announced that he had become a resident of this city, that Mrs. Parker would join him here and that they would at once secure a home in this city. While Judge Parker announced that he would not form any law partnership, his new office is in the suite occupied by W. F. Sheehan of the firm of Sheehan & Collin.

Southern Railway Officials Promoted.

Memphis, Tenn., Special.—It was announced that R. L. McKellar, assistant general freight agent of the Southern Railway has been appointed assistant traffic manager of the entire system. Mr. McKellar succeeds L. McClug, who resigns to accept the position of treasurer of Yale College. The change will take effect December 15th, and Mr. McKellar's headquarters will be in Louisville, Ky.

Crisis at Port Arthur.

Washington, Special.—Consul General Fowler cabled the State Department from Chefoo that the situation at Port Arthur is extremely critical, that the Japanese have taken possession of the Japanese. He also states that three Japanese torpedo boat destroyers are lying outside of Chefoo Harbor, and that the Russian crew of the torpedo boat destroyer destroyed yesterday are transferring their arms and supplies to a Chinese cruiser, which is posted in front of the Russian consulate.

News in Paragraphs.

President Samuel Gompers made his annual report before the American Federation of Labor convention in San Francisco.

A conference of Democrats is to be held shortly in New York, it is reported, to boom Folk and Douglas as the ticket in 1908 and to oppose the leadership of Bryan.

Clark Howell a Candidate.

Atlanta, Ga., Special.—Following the announcement several days ago of J. H. Estill, of The Savannah News, as a candidate for Governor of Georgia, to succeed Governor J. M. Terrell, two years hence, that of Clark Howell, editor of the Atlanta Constitution, was made here Monday.

Seven persons were killed in riots at Rio Janeiro, caused by opposition to compulsory vaccination.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Paying visits by alrship is the latest fashionable novelty in Paris.

Both at Bonn and at Breslau new colleges for girls have been opened.

Hoy & Martin, a law firm composed of two young women, was formed in New York City.

The French Postal Department has decided to send its mail coaches by electric motor cars.

Electric of the largest postoffices showed for October an increase in receipts of 4.13 per cent.

The new French Hospital in New York, erected by the French Benevolent Society, was opened.

Efforts are being made by the Canadian Government to secure control of the wireless telegraph stations there.

From opium poisoning, presumably done with suicidal intent, Percival Harff, a manufacturer, of Cincinnati, died at New York.

A Bible containing signatures supposed to be Shakespeare's was sold at Sotheby's, in London, Eng., for \$1000 and will be sent to America.

Joseph Shapiro, a New York City electric contractor, sued by his employees for wages due, fell dead while witness stand testifying in his own defense.

Practically the whole Long Island Railroad system was paralyzed by the failure to work of a new switching system installed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

Five bald headed eagles, inspected, the new station building, at Forty-second street and Broadway, New York City, and drew a crowd in the street below of some 2000 persons.

The magnificent fire drill system of the New York public schools was the means of saving every one of the 2500 pupils of School No. 17 from harm when flames started in the building.

12 DEAD IN A FIRE

Terrible Loss of Life Caused By the Burning of a Tenement House

BROOKLYN FAMILIES ARE VICTIMS

Flames Starting in the Cellar of a Three-story Building Spread With Such Rapidity That Two Italian Families on the Upper Floors Were Suffocated Before Reaching the Fire Escape—All the Bodies Found in One Room—Two Survivors Will Die—Neighbors Tenants Evade Questions.

New York, Special.—Smothered before they could reach the fire escape in a burning tenement building at 136 Troutman street, in the Williamsburg district of Brooklyn, twelve persons met death shortly before 2 o'clock.

Two entire families, those of Mariano Triolo and Charles Polignio, are wiped out, the last living member of each being now in a hospital, with no hope of their recovery. They are Charles Polignio, 33 years old, and Tony Triolo, 13 years old, both of whom are terribly burned.

The burned tenement house is in the center of a row of three-story tenements, extending the length of the block, and was occupied by Italians.

The fire is supposed to have started in the cellar of the grocery store of Antonio Giambalvo, on the ground floor. The cellar was stored with inflammable material, and the flames spread with lightning like rapidity. All the occupants were asleep at the time, and there was considerable delay in sending in the first alarm. The Giambalvo family lived in the rear of the store, and succeeded in getting out of the building, but before the occupants on the two other floors were roused, their escape had been cut off.

The tenants in nearly all the neighboring buildings dragged their household goods out of the buildings, and with them blocked the way of the fire apparatus. All the bodies were found in the rear room of the third floor, and it was evident that all had been suffocated in their effort to reach the fire escape at the back of the building. The two who were rescued were found in the lower hallway soon after the firemen reached the scene.

In his intervals of consciousness, Polignio cries for his wife and children, but the physicians fear the knowledge of their death would kill him, and have not told him of his fate.

In their investigation as to the origin of the fire, the police have been unable to obtain a statement of any kind from neighboring tenants. The street about the burned buildings has been crowded with Italians all day, but the police report that every one questioned about the persons burned, or the occupants of the building, has refused to make an answer. It was with great difficulty that even the names of the victims could be obtained. The loss is estimated at \$10,000.

Big Fire at World's Fair.

St. Louis, Special.—The Missouri State Building at the World's Fair was destroyed by fire early Saturday evening, resulting from the explosion of a hot water heater in the basement. Instantly the flames shot up through the rotunda, and the north wing and cupola were a solid mass of flames within 10 minutes after the explosion. The loss cannot be estimated accurately, owing to the temporary construction material, which has no salvage value. The principal loss is in the contents of the building. The ceiling cost \$145,000, and it was \$75,000 worth of furnishings, the most valuable of which were portraits of all former Missouri Governors and supreme judges. These cannot be replaced.

For Railroad Y. M. C. A.

Richmond, Va., Special.—President Stevens, of the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad has written the Railroad Y. M. C. A. here, offering to contribute \$15,000 toward the erection of a railroad Y. M. C. A. building in this city. The other railroads entering Richmond are to give proportionately, and a handsome structure for the railroad Y. M. C. A. seems thus assured.

Ex-Governor Thompson Dead.

New York, Special.—Hugh S. Thompson, former governor of South Carolina, died at his residence here Sunday. He was born in Charleston, S. C., in 1836. In recent years he was comptroller of the New York Life Insurance Company.

W. C. P. Breckinridge Dead.

Lexington, Ky., Special.—William Campbell Preston Breckinridge died at 11:40 o'clock Saturday night from a stroke of paralysis sustained Wednesday. The end came peacefully. He had been gradually sinking for 24 hours and for that length of time the case had been known to be hopeless.

Minor Matters.

President Roosevelt expects to have his message to Congress in the hands of the printer early next week.

Advices from Panama state that President Amador has frustrated a conspiracy to overthrow his Government.

General Andre, the French War Minister, resigned and Henry Maurice Bertheaux was appointed to succeed him.

King Charles and Queen Amelia of Portugal were welcomed in England.

NORTH STATE ITEMS

Many New Buildings Under Construction

CHARLOTTE COTTON MARKET

These figures represent prices paid to wagons:

Good middling	9.55
Strict middling	9.55
Middling	9.55
Galveston, easy	9.15
New Orleans, easy	9.15
Mobile, steady	9.15
Savannah, easy	9.15
Charleston, quiet	9.15
Baltimore, nominal	9.15
New York, dull	10.00
Boston, nominal	10.00
Philadelphia, quiet	10.25
Houston, steady	9.15
Augusta, steady	9.15
Memphis, quiet	9.15
St. Louis, quiet	9.15
Louisville, firm	9.15

Governor Issues Proclamation.

Governor Aycock Friday afternoon issued his Thanksgiving proclamation. It says: "It becomes a free people, prosperous and content, in the midst of their prosperity to pause at least once a year and make acknowledgment of the source whence comes all blessings which they possess and in its acknowledgement to renew their strength for the accomplishment of better things. I, Charles B. Aycock, governor of the state of North Carolina, therefore, issue this, my proclamation setting apart Thursday, November 24th, as a day of Thanksgiving and prayer, on which day I request all people to meet in their respective places of worship and thank God for blessings which He has given to them individually and as a people and to ask for His protection and guidance in the future. I earnestly recommend that on this day all people shall give out of their stores unto the needy as freely as God has prospered them."

For \$3,000 Monument.

Winston-Salem, Special.—The James B. Gordon Chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy has accepted the design of DeChant for a Confederate monument to be erected in this city at a cost of \$3,000. The monument will have a sub-base six feet square, a total height of 23 feet, surmounted by a life-size figure, in granite, of a type of the Confederate private soldier. It is proposed to have the unveiling during the month of September, 1905, and make the occasion one of the most imposing ever witnessed in Winston-Salem.

Tar Heel Topics.

State Horticulturist Harold Hume, says that the tests of different varieties of cabbages at the William Dunn farm at Newbern are so far succeeding very well. The stand is good and the first week in December the plants will be set out in the field. There are 27 varieties, the greater number of which are unknown in North Carolina. Prof. Hume is preparing descriptive sheets about the apples of this State. These are on cards and a section of the peel of each variety of apples is fastened on the card. The skins of apples preserve their rich colors for a great length of time, even for as long as 15 years.

State Entomologist Franklin Sherman says he desires to get in touch with every fruit grower in the State with whom he has not had correspondence, who suspects the presence of the San Jose fruit scale. He asks that specimens of infected twigs be sent to him.

Prof. Hume desires the address of all persons in North Carolina who grow pecans or who contemplate growing these profitable nuts. He is preparing special illustrations of the best varieties of pecans. He will put a collection of all the kinds of these nuts in the State Museum. Saturday evening he will address the students of Guilford College on forestry.

The State grants a charter to the Behrends & Riley Furniture Company of Wilmington, authorized capital \$15,000.

The Superintendent of Public Instruction finds it very difficult to make his report as to the receipts of school funds complete, owing to the fact that a number of districts have not reported their local taxes. Some large towns do not fully report these. For example Winston reported only \$75 received while the disbursements were \$17,850. The city pays the schools and this payment is not separated from the other taxes.

W. B. Rodman, of Charlotte, who has charge of the matter of the sale of the State swamp lands held by the board of education, says that depredations on these lands have been considerably checked and are not so extensive as they have been. Of course there are always depredations, not only on these lands, but on the lands of private persons.

Grand Secretary John C. Drewry, of the grand lodge of Masons says the Masonic Temple fund now reaches \$100,000 and that \$20,000 more is needed. It is decided, he states, that work on the building will begin in the early spring. It may be that a canvasser will then be put at work in the State. Last year Francis D. Winston made a very successful canvass.

Secretary Parker, of the Farmers' State Alliance, says work will be resumed Saturday, when State Lecturer H. M. Cates goes to Johnston, to reorganize the order in that county, where there are now perhaps half a dozen sub-alliances. The work will be pushed in all parts of the State hereafter.

Stony Point school district, in the county of Dare, has increased its rates of local taxation for schools from 10 cents on the \$100 valuation to 30 cents.

Terrible Detonations and Heavy Loss Of Property

FOUR PEOPLE KILLED IN CHICAGO

Plant of a Concern Engaged in Supplying Illuminant Stored in Railcars Under High Pressure for Railroad Coaches Completely Wrecked

Chicago, Special.—Four persons were killed and a score of others were injured by a series of gas explosions that completely destroyed the plant of the Pyle Electric Headlight Company in South Chicago Friday. The shocks of the explosions were so severe that all the buildings near the demolished plant were badly damaged, windows were shattered for blocks, and persons walking in the streets were thrown from their feet. Over pressure on tanks containing gas is believed to have caused the accident.

The dead: Ralph Wells, superintendent for the Pyle Electric Headlight Company. Amos Watkins, assistant superintendent, for same company.

George Muehl, draftsman, employed by the People's Gas Light Company. Thomas Jennings, employed by the Pyle Electric Headlight Company. The fatally injured:

William M. Malone, blown from third floor of building; body crushed. Alfred Cox, internally injured. Many persons who were walking in the street near the plant were hurt by flying pieces of debris and were taken to their homes in carriages before their names could be learned. All of the dead were buried under tons of burning timber and hot brick and iron, making it impossible to remove their bodies for hours after the accident occurred. Firemen poured water on the portion of the building in which the dead were engaged to be buried. The flames were sufficiently removed to permit of the bodies being removed from the debris.

The scene of the explosion is the old Hyde Park Gas plant, which passed into the hands of the People's Gas Light & Coke Company several years ago, with the consolidation of the gas interests in Chicago. Through lease, the big plant is occupied partly by the Pyle Electric Headlight Company, which is largely engaged in supplying illumination for railroad coaches. This illuminant is forced into small retorts, which, when attached under the floor of a car, will supply light for months in order to make this possible, the retorts are subjected to an extremely high pressure. It was such a tank that caused the first explosion. Without warning of any kind it burst. Amid the debris, workmen were blown out of the structure far into the street about the building. Before any one realized what had happened, retort after retort exploded in such rapid succession that it was almost impossible to distinguish the detonations. There were nine such explosions in all, which left the plant in flames. Hard fighting on the part of fully a hundred firemen finally subdued the flames.

The total loss caused by the accident is estimated at \$75,000.

Train Strikes Street Car.

Toronto, Special.—A street car with trailer attached got beyond control of the motorman and crashed through the guard gates at the Queens street crossing of the Grand Trunk Railway Friday night. A Montreal freight train struck the forward car, grinding it to splinters. Every passenger on the street car was injured, two dying soon after being taken from the wreckage, and two at the hospital. The dead are:

James Armstrong, conductor. One-year-old child of J. Robertson. The baby was thrown from its mother's arms and both its legs were cut off.

Mrs. Minnie Mahaffy, internally injured, died at hospital.

Russell Stephens, internally injured, died at hospital.

350 Deer and Elk Sled.

Nashville, Tenn., Special.—About 350 deer and elk at the Belle Meade Farm were sold to a hunting club in which Harry Payne Whitney, of New York, and other wealthy men are interested. The animals will be turned loose in the 60,000-acre game preserve the New Yorkers own around Hickory Valley, in this State.

Three Defendants Discharged.

Wrightsville, Ga., Special.—The case of Walker, Price, Outlaw, Morman, Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Edge, for the alleged murder of Clayton Williams, previously reported in these dispatches, was called in court here. The defendants elected to sever trial. The case against Williams was postponed. On motion, the court discharged the two women and Morman, on the ground of insufficient evidence. They were, however, put under bond to appear as witnesses against Walker, Price and Outlaw, the case against whom will be taken up next week.

Call for Government Deposits.

Washington, Special.—Secretary Shaw has announced a call upon national banks holding government deposits to the amount of 25 per cent. of their holdings, 10 per cent. to be paid on or before Jan. 15, next, and 15 per cent

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No. 11.

"LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE."

GOVERNOR AYCOCK STATED IN HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS THAT UNDER, AND THEREFORE BY IMPLICATION IN CONSEQUENCE OF, FUSION RULE "LAWLESSNESS WALKED THE STATE LIKE A PESTILENCE, CRIME STALKED ABOARD AT NOONDAY, SLEEP LAY DOWN WITH ALARM AND THE SOUND OF THE PISTOL WAS MORE FREQUENT THAN THE SONG OF THE MOCKING BIRD." HOW STANDS THE CASE TO-DAY GOVERNOR? HAVEN'T THE ACTS OF THREE RED SHIRT LEGISLATURES AND MORE THAN TWO YEARS OF YOUR OWN BENEFICENT RULE PASSED INTO HISTORY SINCE YOU PROCLAIMED THE FOREGOING? WHEN YOU ARE CAVORTING OVER THE STATE WHOOPING FOR EDUCATION AND ROADS DON'T YOU HEAR OF MORE CRIMES BEING COMMITTED IN NORTH CAROLINA THAN EVER BEFORE AND DO YOU CONTINUE TO ATTRIBUTE THESE TO FUSION RULE?

JUDGE PARKER AND SOUTHERN MACHINE LEADERS.

In the last issue of the Caucasian we published in full a most significant editorial from the Washington Post. The Post is independent in politics, is able and is fair. It is beyond question the most friendly Northern paper to the South. Besides the editors of that paper understand accurately Southern conditions and Southern sentiments. It is probably the only Northern paper that understands the "nigger" question in all of its phases and bearings.

But this editorial was not on the race question. It was headed "A Word About Judge Parker." The facts stated in that editorial are of more importance to the Southern people than anything that could be said about the race question. The Post editorial began as follows:

"It will not do to discuss the subject of the Democratic position in the campaign of 1904 without a candid, if brief, statement of fact. There is at least one allusion which should, in common honesty, be dispelled before either the victors or the vanquished turn their backs upon the old battlefield and move onward toward the next one."

The Post, after showing how "ridiculous" the Southern Democrats are made to appear by running after any candidate that the North says can carry New York, proceeds as follows:

"But the South may easily be made more ridiculous still—by accepting as gospel truth the claim that Judge Parker was defeated because he antagonized the trusts. Such is the hypothesis now set up by those who forced his nomination on the Democratic party. He is a martyr to the people's cause. He perished in their defense. And the South, having espoused him blindly, chivalrously, in good faith, but as we think, childishly, must now lament his immolation and sanctify him with its grateful tears! The fact that Judge Parker was originally proposed to the gentlemen who pass as 'Southern leaders' on the score of his standing with the great financial corporations and combinations of the country. He was proposed as the man of all men who could secure their substantial support. Judge Parker's sponsors explained that the trusts feared Theodore Roosevelt, and would make haste to rally around the banner of his antithesis—Judge Parker. They promised everything. They took the 'Southern leaders' up to the hilltop and showed them the fertile lands of Canaan smiling in the golden sunlight. Then the leaders went down among their people and spread the glad tidings right and left."

This important fact stated by the Post shows clearly one of the causes of such crushing Democratic defeat. The Southern Democratic leaders listened to the siren voice of the trusts and bond syndicates of Wall Street, and agreed to support their candidate, if only they could get campaign funds and offices for themselves. The people were not in it. Now these same Democrats are trying to hide their treachery by telling the masses of the Democratic party that Judge Parker was beaten by the trusts. The Post says:

"Now they are told that Judge

Parker went down in glorious defeat while battling for their cause—that he sought to defend them against the ravenous trusts and fell beneath the deadly onslaught. The 'Southern leaders' adopted him on the assurance that the trusts would contribute to the war fund. The Southern voters are asked to believe that the trusts destroyed him because he fought their battles so courageously! And all the time Judge Parker's managers were soliciting trust support and launched him in an anti-trust crusade only when they found that support beyond their reach.

"It makes the South appear ridiculous." By all means. Ridiculous indeed! But what will be said of the South—and justly said—if Southerners accept this latest fairy tale and go on with their blind obedience to New York?

These facts should cause every honest, patriotic Democrat not only hang his head in shame, but also rise up in honest indignation and renege the treachery of machine politicians like Simmons, who were parties to the conspiracy, and who are now trying to fool the people again. The people are learning the truth and a day of reckoning is coming.

LET US TAKE A LESSON FOR THE FUTURE.

There are enough voters in North Carolina, who either stayed at home or who voted for Parker, but who are today delighted that Missouri went for Roosevelt, to have changed the result in this State. And many of them would have cast their votes for Roosevelt if they had seen a hope of carrying the State for him. The feeling that we were prosperous, and that it was best to let well enough alone; that there was danger in having another Cleveland administration and hard times; that Roosevelt was much the best man of the two was all over North Carolina, as well as Missouri. In some spots like Davidson county, which gave Roosevelt a majority while electing the local Democratic ticket by 500 majority, this feeling emphatically asserted itself. If there had been an organization and a vigorous campaign in this State as there were in Missouri, this feeling would have manifested and asserted itself more largely, and possibly North Carolina might today have been in the proud column with Missouri. For this we are all to blame.

But let us not waste any time over the past, except to take a lesson for the future.

Now is the time to begin work for the next campaign. Let everyone who agrees with us and who is ready to help, drop the Caucasian a line. We should begin now. There is something that everyone can do. Let us hear from you.

THE SOUTH IS TO BE CONGRATULATED UPON THE RESULT.

The Southern machine Democratic politicians, after selling out to Wall Street and the trusts, thought they could hide their treachery to the masses of the people in their party by crying "nigger" and making Roosevelt and Booker Washington the issue. The people discovered the treachery and saw through the scheme and condemned them in thunder tones on November 8th. The people were so aroused that they gave Roosevelt every Northern and Western State, and even broke the solid South in Maryland and Missouri. The people of the South were fast learning the truth, and if the campaign had lasted a little longer more Southern States would have fallen into line. There are today tens of thousands of Democrats in the South who voted for Parker who are glad that Roosevelt was elected. They have, down in their hearts, more respect for the courage and patriotism of Roosevelt than they have for Parker, and besides they are satisfied with the prosperity which the South is enjoying, along with the remainder of the country and feared to take the risk of another hard-times Cleveland administration. It would have been to the South's credit if every Southern State had joined the solid North and West and made Roosevelt's election unanimous. At any rate, the South is to be congratulated upon Parker's defeat.

But the whole South should have helped to do it.

We congratulate Missouri upon her wisdom and her patriotism.

It is announced from Washington that President Roosevelt may soon take a trip South as far as Texas. It is thought that he will consent to stop in North Carolina on his way.

Don't let the machine politicians sell you out again.

WILL BRYAN SUBMIT TO WALL STREET AGAIN?

Mr. Bryan submitted to the domination of Belmont and Hill and Cleveland and Wall Street in the last campaign. He had denounced Judge Parker as the candidate of the bond syndicates and the trusts and declared that he was unfit to be President. Yet Mr. Bryan submitted and supported Parker and asked his followers to do so. Suppose the masses of the people had listened to Mr. Bryan and taken his advice, Parker would have been elected and we would be cursed by another Cleveland administration. And Mr. Bryan would have been responsible for it.

Now suppose Mr. Bryan fails to capture the next Democratic national convention, will he again submit to Wall Street and again appeal to the country to elect another Cleveland-Parker candidate? If Mr. Bryan intends to again submit then his friends should not go into the next Democratic national convention with him. They have shown more wisdom and patriotism in this campaign than Mr. Bryan.

The people have now begun to do their own thinking more than ever before, and it is a most healthy and encouraging omen.

In the campaign of 1900 the Democratic leaders promised, if elected to properly provide for the insane of the State. What have they done for these poor unfortunate? In Kingston, a few months ago, an insane white woman was placed in the common jail. She wore her clothes from her and was exposed to the criminals in the prison. The authorities said there was not room for her in the asylum at Raleigh and while there was room for her at Morganton they did not have any money to care for more patients. And this is only one of the many pitiful cases in the State.

While the Democrats are whooping it up for education, without giving us any better schools, wouldn't it be well to take care of these poor unfortunate? Instead of increasing the number of judges, appropriating money to defend election thieves and increasing the salaries of other officers, wouldn't it have been better to have first provided for our insane?

Last Friday's News and Observer made great claims as to how much the present administration had done for the cause of education in this State, but facts and figures disprove the Observer's claims. Read the article in this issue under the caption of "Expensive Education." This article is written by the author of the best school law ever placed upon the statute books of North Carolina. From reading this article you will observe that the taxpayers of the State have paid a great deal more for "experience" than for education. Nearly \$300,000 of our school money is unaccounted for. Will the News and Observer please give the facts and figures as to how this money has been spent. Was it paid to spellbinders to travel over the State to tell the people how much the Democratic party has done for education?

MAKE IT UNANIMOUS FOR ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Julius Brown, son of the late Governor and Senator Brown, of Georgia, is out with a statement that all the electors from the South ought to vote for Roosevelt in the electoral college and make his election unanimous.

It ought to have been made unanimous at the election, but the next best thing now is to follow Mr. Brown's suggestion.

Missouri was as much in the grip of the Democratic machine and as much under the domination of the infamous ballot-box-stuffers as North Carolina, yet see how the people have triumphed over these blighting handicaps. Let every patriot and Christian take heart and buckle on his armor for the next contest. If you are ready to enlist, drop us a line.

What has become of Dewey, the defaulting cashier of the New Bern bank? Why were the rewards that had been offered for him withdrawn? How did Goldsboro people know to take their money out of the New Bern bank before the defection? To whom did Dewey telegraph in Raleigh?

The people looked at the "safe and sane" brand of Democracy and decided that it was a fraud.

EXPENSIVE EDUCATION.

It Cost this State Over \$8,000 More Each Day to Run Public Schools in 1904 than in 1898.

AN EXPLANATION REQUIRED.

Fewer School Houses Built and Fewer Schools Taught in 1904 Than in 1898—Nearly \$300,000 of School Fund Not Accounted For.

It is a source of regret that the Report of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction for 1904 was not made public before the election. It would have furnished Governor Aycock, who is so enthusiastic on the question of public education, food for thought, and the people of the State as well. The information we get from this report is rather astounding. We do not intend, by this article, to reflect upon Superintendent Joyner, for we think he is industrious and sincere in his work, but the facts obtained from this report require some explanation.

In 1898, 1899, 1897, 1898 and 1899 it cost the State of North Carolina about \$14,000 to run the public schools one day. In 1902 it cost \$18,661.50. In 1902 it cost \$19,123.10, and in 1904 it cost \$22,367.75 to run the public schools in North Carolina one day. In other words, it cost the State of North Carolina about \$8,367.75 more each day to run the public schools in 1904 than it did in 1898.

Listen again. In 1903 the report shows that we had 17 weeks school term, and in 1903 we had 16.70 weeks, making a gain of only 14 days from 1903 to 1904. Now let us see what this 14 days' increase cost the State. In 1903 the total fund for schools was \$1,584,222.13, and in 1904 it was \$1,901,237.29, making the increase in school funds \$317,015.16, and since this increase in funds did not give us but 14 days more school term, it will be seen that the cost of one day increase was \$21,343.44. The report shows also that there were fewer school houses built and fewer schools taught in 1904 than in 1903. The teachers did not get this extra sum, for the report shows that the teachers in 1904 were paid only \$15,000 more than in 1903.

The query is, what became of this extra \$317,015.16 that went into the schools of 1904. It cannot be said that it went to increase the school term, for the term was not increased but 14 days and that should not have cost but \$21,000, and that would leave nearly \$300,000 not accounted for, unless we say it went into the general expense account for the machinery for running the schools. Now what does this machinery cost per year?

The total expense, including salary of County Superintendent, County Institutes, Treasurer's Commissions, Boards of Education, and other purposes in 1898 was less than \$90,000.00. These expenses in 1903 were \$168,840.21, and these same expenses in 1904 were \$194,907.24.

In other words, the running expenses, money which does not go into the schools, was over \$104,000.00 more in 1904 than it was in 1898, and more than \$25,000.00 more than in 1903. The items that go to make up this increase can be seen by referring to the last report of the State Superintendent.

This article is not written for campaign purposes, for it would not serve that purpose at this time, but these are facts for all friends of public education to ponder, and it may be incidentally interesting to the taxpayers of the State. I do not mean to discourage public education, or strive to lessen the appropriations for that purpose, for my best efforts in the past have been to better the educational facilities of the children of the State, and for that purpose now, I have written this article and made public these facts.

—GEO. E. BUTLER.

Was it You?
Somebody did a golden deed;
Somebody proved a friend in need;
Somebody sang a beautiful song;
Somebody smiled the whole day long;
Somebody thought "Tis sweet to live;"
Somebody said, "I'm glad to give;"
Somebody fought a valiant fight;
Somebody lived to shield the right;
Was that somebody you?
—E. Vinton Francis.

If the lamp chimney resists all efforts to make it bright and shining by the use of water, try a little alcohol.

A SURE THING.

It is said that nothing is sure except death and taxes, but that is not altogether true. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is a sure cure for all lung and throat troubles. Thousands can testify to that. Mrs. C. B. VanMetre of Sheherdow, W. Va., says "I had a severe case of Bronchitis and for a year tried everything I heard of, but got no relief. One bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery then cured me absolutely." It's infallible for Croup, Whooping Cough, Pneumonia and Consumption. Try it. It's guaranteed by all druggists. Trial bottles free. Regular sizes 40c, \$1.00.

A STARTLING TEST.

To save a life, Dr. T. G. Merritt, of No. Mehoopany, Pa., made a startling test resulting in a wonderful cure. He writes, "a patient was attacked with violent hemorrhages, caused by ulceration of the stomach. I had often found Electric Bitters excellent for acute stomach and liver troubles so I prescribed them. The patient gained from the first, and has not had an attack in 14 months." Electric Bitters are positively guaranteed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation and Kidney troubles. Try them. Only 50c at all druggists.

PRESIDENT GOING TO TEXAS.

Report Says He Will Make Four Speeches in the State Next Spring.

Port Worth, Tex., Nov. 19.—Positive information was obtained here to-day that Committeeman Lyon has been notified by President Roosevelt that he will visit Texas early in the spring, making four speeches, at Fort Worth, Dallas, Houston, and at either Austin or San Antonio.

[It is understood that the President may also stop in North Carolina on his way to Texas.—ED. CAUCASIAN.]

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Druggists Who Sell Dr. Miles' Nerve Agree, If It Fails, To Refund Cost.

Of course we reimburse the druggist. You know him, and trust him. Dr. Miles' Nerve is medicine for your nerves.

It cures diseases of the internal organs, by giving tone to the nerves which make these organs work. It is a novel theory—not of anatomy, but of treatment; first discovered by Dr. Miles, and since made use of by many wide-awake physicians, who appreciate its value in treating the sick.

If you are sick, we offer you a way to be made well—Dr. Miles' Nerve. This medicine is a scientific cure for nerve disorders, such as Neuralgia, Headache, Loss of Memory, Sleeplessness, Stomach, Backache, St. Vitus Dance, Epilepsy or Fits, Nervous Prostration, etc.

By tuning up the nerves, Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve will also cure those diseases of the internal organs due to a disordered nervous system. Some of these are: Indigestion, Bilious Headache, Kidney Trouble, Chronic Constipation, Dropsy, Catarrh, Rheumatism, etc.

My brother had nervous prostration, and was not expected to live. I prevailed upon him to try Dr. Miles' Restorative Nerve, and now he has fully recovered. You remember I wrote you how it saved my life a few years ago, when I had nervous trouble. I preach its merits to everyone. —REV. M. D. MYERS, Correctionville, Iowa.

FREE Write us and we will mail you a Free Trial Package of Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills, the New Scientific Remedy for Pain. Also Symptom Blank for our Specialist to diagnose your case and tell you what is wrong and how to right it. Absolutely Free. Address: DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., LABORATORIES, ELKHART, IND.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

PERSONALLY CONDUCTED TOUR TO WORLD'S FAIR, ST. LOUIS, MO., THURSDAY, OCTOBER 11TH, 1904.

The Southern Railway announces a personally conducted tour to the World's Fair, leaving Goldsboro at 1:35 p. m., Tuesday, October 11th; Selma, 2:25 p. m.; Raleigh, 3:25 p. m.; Durham, 4:22 p. m.; Burlington, 5:45 p. m.; Greensboro, 7:22 p. m.; Salisbury, 8:50 p. m.; Stateville, 9:32 p. m.; Hickory, 10:25 p. m.; Morganton, 11:00 p. m.; arriving St. Louis 7:32 a. m., Thursday 13th.

This train will be composed of day coaches and Pullman sleeping cars. The route will be via Asheville, Knoxville and Louisville, through the grand and scenic mountain regions of Western North Carolina, East Tennessee and the beautiful blue grass section of Kentucky.

Following round trip rates from points named; proportionately low rates apply from all other stations: Fifteen-day tickets from Goldsboro, \$26.25; Selma, \$26.25; Clayton, \$26.30; Raleigh, \$24.80; Durham, \$23.30; Greensboro, \$23.30; Oxford, \$23.30; Henderson, \$23.30; Salisbury, \$23.30; Charlotte, \$24.65; Statesville, \$23.30; Morganton, \$23.30.

Tea Day Coach Excursion tickets Goldsboro \$20.00, Selma \$20.00, Clayton \$19.50, Raleigh \$18.50, Durham \$17.00, Oxford \$17.00, Henderson \$17.00, Salisbury \$17.00, Charlotte \$18.30, Statesville \$17.00, Morganton \$17.00.

Pullman double berth from Goldsboro \$6.00, Raleigh \$6.00, Durham \$5.50, Greensboro \$5.00, Salisbury \$5.00, Asheville \$5.00.

Two people can occupy double berth at these rates.

Coach Excursion Tickets not good in Pullman Sleeping cars. A competent representative of the Southern Railway will accompany the train through to St. Louis and do everything possible for the comfort and pleasure of the party.

For any other information and for Pullman reservations address, T. E. GREEN, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

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WANTED.

DETECTIVES, Responsible, Sharp Daring Young Men everywhere. Experience unnecessary. Enclose stamp for particulars. Grandell's Detective Bureau, Philadelphia, Pa.

Democrats are now sweating and swearing, vainly endeavoring to explain why Parker wasn't elected. That's easy, easy. It was because a large per cent. of our people had better sense than to vote for him.

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THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. NOV. 24, 1904.

Arrived at the Post Office in Raleigh N. C. as second-class mail matter.

Pumping House Burned.

Chapel Hill, N. C., Nov. 21.—The pumping station of the University of North Carolina was destroyed by fire early yesterday morning.

Moonshine Still Captured.

An illicit distillery was captured near the Lowe place, north of Raleigh, Sunday night by United States deputies Adams, Merritt and King.

Joe Fawcette to Hang.

Burlington, N. C., Nov. 22.—Joe Fawcette, a negro convicted of burning the Burlington Hotel last winter has been sentenced to hang.

Burned to Death.

Maude Pulley, the two year old child of Ida Pulley, colored, was burned to death at the mother's home on South East street, between Martin and Davis streets, in Raleigh, Sunday evening.

For a New County.

Asheville, N. C., Nov. 22.—A movement for the formation of a new county in the vicinity of Asheville to be composed of portions of Rutherford, Polk, Henderson and McDowell is on foot.

Cotton Ginned in Georgia.

Washington, Nov. 22.—A bulletin issued by the Census Bureau to-day showing that in 105 counties in Georgia, the cotton ginned to November 14, as reported, amounted to 1,246,997 running bales this year, as against 792,666 bales for the same counties last year.

In Jail Charged With Murder.

Rome, Ga., Nov. 14.—The coroner's jury in the case of Dr. Frederick Lefew, who died yesterday from a knife wound in the breast, received at the hands of Charles R. Fishburn, a banker and broker, brought in a verdict that death was caused as above stated. Fishburn is in jail to await trial for murder.

BIG DAMAGES SUIT IN BOSTON.

Thomas W. Lawson, the noted Copper Magnate, is the defendant in the Widow Towles will also sue Everybody's Magazine for libel.

Boston, November 22.—The Post this morning says: "The papers in a suit for three hundred and fifty thousand dollars have been served on Thomas W. Lawson, the noted copper magnate."

"The suit is brought by New York parties, supposed to be acting for the Standard Oil interest. It is also stated that the widow of Attorney Geo. Towles will sue Mr. Lawson for libel."

Both suits are the result of alleged disclosures made by Lawson in his story of the "Frenzied Finance," which is running in "Everybody's Magazine" at present.

The Worst Enemies of the South.

The particularly regrettable thing about the elections in the South is the returning to Congress from the fifth district of Alabama of the man Heflin, who said that if a bomb had been thrown under the table at the President and Bunker F. Washington were dining, nothing would have been lost. Paul, in addressing Timothy, said of Alexander, the copper-smith, that he did me much evil: the Lord reward him according to his works." The Heflins, Vardamans, Jeff Davis (of Arkansas), and such cattle have done the South and the Democratic party much evil. It is not to be doubted that they turned thousands of Northern voters from the Democratic ticket Tuesday. If Heflin had been defeated he would have been rewarded according to his works.—Charlotte Observer.

THE BOLL WEEVIL SCOURGE.

National Convention to be held at Shreveport, La., December 12 to 15, to consider the Cotton situation.

Columbia, S. C., Nov. 14.—The boll weevil is a menace to the South. Dr. Spillman, of the Agricultural Department, and others, think that the impending menace will mean a great deal in the way of showing that cotton is not the only crop which can be raised with profit in the South. It was for this reason that the government started diversification farms in the country.

The Legislature of South Carolina, and the legislatures of other States, have passed laws forbidding the importation of farm products from the Texas districts infested with the weevil which is destroying the cotton crops in Texas and Mexico, but has not made its way across the Mississippi.

At the convention at Shreveport on the 3d of November to discuss ways and means of keeping the boll weevil out of the South it was decided to call a meeting of representatives from all the Southern States. Mr. J. C. Pugh, chairman of the executive committee, has written Governor Heywood, urging the latter to attend the convention, and asking him to appoint 100 delegates from this State.

Habits and Customs of Zion City.

The following appeared in a recent issue of the Washington Post under head of "Met in Hotel Lobbies":

"At the Ebbitt House is Mr. T. D. Henderson, of Zion City, Ill., who is a member of the religious organization of which Dr. John Alexander Dowie is the head, and the proper name of which is the Christian Catholic Apostolic Church in Zion. Mr. Henderson is not only a zealous member of Dr. Dowie's church, but he is the traveling representative for the Zion lace industries and solicits the trade of retail merchants in a big belt of the country south of the Potomac, reaching to Mississippi.

"Our town, Zion," said Mr. Henderson, "is thriving and growing rapidly. It will not be four years old until next July, and yet we have 10,000 inhabitants, with fresh accessions constantly from all parts of the world. Early next year we expect 200 families from Australia. The town is unique in many ways. It does not contain a single bar-room, theater, or drug store. The use and sale of tobacco in any form is strictly forbidden, and for a man to smoke a cigar on any street in Zion would cost him \$25. The sale of pork is also prohibited.

"But don't get the idea that our people are gloomy and morose, and have no enjoyment in life. On the contrary, music and other innocent modes of recreation are in high favor, and our social intercourse is of the happiest. Zion is preeminently a clean place as is befitting a town where the inhabitants lead clean lives. That the population loses nothing by the absence of drugs is shown by the health rate statistics, the death rate being unusually low. Many falsehoods have been circulated against Dr. Dowie and his followers, but untruths always react in the long run, and the prosperity and growing wealth of Zion is sufficient refutation of our calumniators. Besides lacemaking we have big bakeries, soap factories, paper box and planing mills, and several other industries, all of which are being operated profitably."

CURING BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

The Important Medical Discovery Made by Professor Ayres.

At the fifty-fifth meeting of the American Medical Association, Prof. Ayres, of the New York Post-Graduate Hospital, is said to have "started the convention by the announcement that he believed that Bright's disease, in the early stages, at least, was curable." His treatment consists in the injection of drugs directly into the kidneys. According to the newspaper accounts, he has cured forty-three cases, and out of ninety-three which he has treated only one "failed entirely to respond. It is said by many that in the early stages—rather indefinite phrase—of Bright's disease, a patient can cure himself by a rigid devotion to buttermilk. We have known at least one man, a very brilliant man, who found this simple remedy wiser than the disease. After three months of nothing but buttermilk, he said that he preferred to die, and he died.—With the Procession, Everybody's Magazine for December.

SOUTH FOR ROOSEVELT.

Georgian Proposes that His Election Be Made Unanimous.

Special to The Washington Post. Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 19.—Julius Brown, a son of the late Joseph M. Brown, who was Georgia's war governor and also United States Senator for years, is out in a card proposing that the electors of all Southern States vote for Roosevelt and make his election unanimous. He makes this proposition because he says Roosevelt has been unjustly attacked on the negro question, about the Philippines, and, in fact, on all business questions.

"Now, I honestly believe as a Democrat, that the best thing for us, the South, to do, is for Judge Parker and the Democratic executive committee to request the Southern electors to cast their votes for President Roosevelt and make his election unanimous. He is a good man, half Southern, and we of the South ought to be able to trust him."

The Money Meter.

A wonderful little study of human nature as it works out in our busy American life is offered by Herman Knickerbocker Viele in the December McClure's in "The Money Meter." By a series of interesting incidents a rich banker is dramatically shown how insufficient the money measurement is in the real things of life. The devoted young preacher who prefers his humble charge to a large salary elsewhere; the poor widow who prizes her children above gold; the struggling clerk whose prospects of a home is more to him than preferment, are all object-lessons to the man of millions that there are many things in life which money cannot buy, and much in life beyond wealth.

And even Esopus went against Judge Parker. The returns from Rosemount are not yet in.—Charlotte Observer.

DEMOCRACY.

Some Pungent Points by the Paragraph Editor of the Washington Post.

It will be time enough to discuss plans for reorganizing the Democratic party after some one succeeds in locating it.

"There is nothing left for the party but hope," says Editor Watson. Oh, no; there's the corn crop and what Kentucky always makes of it.

It is proposed to organize clubs for the purpose of getting the Democrats together. The Democrats ought to try to get together once without clubs.

Chicago is going to start a class for the dumb in her public schools. The attendance promises to be largely Democratic.

The newspaper headline, "Man Hunt on in West Virginia," should not be taken too seriously. They are just looking for the fellow who voted for Parker.

If the Republicans take their Presidential candidate from a doubtful State next time, some Southern man will probably be picked.

The South is still worrying over plans for the extermination of the boll weevil. Might nominate it for President on the Democratic ticket.

Chairman Rollins' Estimate.

Republican State Chairman Rollins, in speaking of the recent election to the Asheville Register says:

"We have made heavy gains in every county in North Carolina, and we have every reason to feel gratified," he replied. "Four years ago Aycock carried the State by 60,354 majority, two years ago Beddingfield carried the State by 69,681 majority, while in this election we reduced the majority of about 85,000. In other words, we succeeded in cutting down the Democratic vote over 32,000, while the Republicans have increased their vote from 68,209 two years ago to about 90,000 in this election. Two years hence we propose to carry North Carolina, and we are going to begin organizing now for that purpose. We have elected 30 members which is an increase of nine over two years ago and there are 15 other counties that are Democratic by less than 30 majority which should have gone Republican. Very few negroes voted this year. In fact, the colored people took but little interest in the campaign, and I don't think a thousand voted in the State, and of those that did vote more than one half of them voted the Democratic ticket."

Officials Are Drawing up a New Treaty With China.

Washington, Nov. 21.—Secretary Hay and Sir Chen Tung Liang Cheng, Chinese Minister, are conducting the framing of a new treaty between the United States and China to take the place of the existing convention, which will expire in December.

The present treaty provides for the exclusion of Chinese laborers from the United States. The new treaty will be equally as strict in this regard, but it is proposed to insert provisions in the new treaty which will permit the entrance to the United States of officials, merchants, students and other excepted classes without the restriction now imposed.

The treaty will also contain a provision permitting the United States to establish immigration officials in China, charged with the duty of investigating every Chinaman intending to come to the United States.

President Roosevelt Introduces the Author Wagner.

Washington, Nov. 22.—President Roosevelt introduced the Rev. Charles Wagner, the author, to a large audience at the Lafayette Opera House this afternoon where, under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association he delivered a lecture on "The Simple Life" given under the patronage of a number of well known official and society people. The audience which gathered to hear the author was a thoroughly representative one of the national capital. The President, who is a great admirer of Mr. Wagner, was given a cordial welcome. In presenting the lecturer the President commended Mr. Wagner's book, "The Simple Life" as containing much that Americans should take to heart.

The Pool Was Dry.

Three candidates awaited baptism in the Raleigh Baptist Tabernacle Sunday, but the ceremony did not take place. A large congregation was present and after the sermon the ladies in the audience removed their hats, as is the custom when the ordinance of baptism by immersion is to be administered. However, when the pastor stepped into the pool he found that the new sexton had carelessly allowed the water to leak out so the ceremony had to be postponed.—Raleigh Post.

MADE YOUNG AGAIN.

"One of Dr. King's New Life Pills each night for two weeks has put me in my 'teens' again," writes D. H. Turner of Dempscottown, Pa. They're the best in the world for Liver, Stomach and Bowels. Purely vegetable. Never gripe. Only 25c at any drug store.

A scientist now asserts that lying is a disease. The country seems to have just experienced an epidemic of it.—Washington Post.

QUICK ARREST.

J. A. Gullidge of Verben, Ala., was twice in the hospital from a severe case of piles causing 24 tumors. After doctors and all remedies failed, Bucklen's Arnica Salve quickly arrested further inflammation and cured him. It conquers aches and kills pain. 25c. at all druggists.

Three white men were arrested in Jackson, Miss., Tuesday for white capping and running negro home-steaders off government lands.

If the Baby is Outgrowing Teeth Be sure and use that old and well-tried Remedy, Mrs. WISLAW SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Badly

Shattered Nerves and Weak Heart.

Too Nervous to Sleep or Rest.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure and Nerve Cure Me.

A shattered nervous system nearly always leads to some affection of the heart, especially where the patient's heart is weak from hereditary or other causes. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is not only a great heart regulator, but it is a blood tonic which speedily corrects and restores the heart's action, enriches the blood and improves the circulation. It will build you up just as it did Mr. Crawford whose letter follows, and greatly improve your general health.

"I have been so greatly benefited by Dr. Miles' Nerve and Heart Cure that I freely recommend them as the best remedies for the diseases they are recommended to cure. When I began taking these medicines I weighed scarcely 140 pounds, my nerves were badly shattered and my heart troubled me a great deal. I had pain in my left arm and shoulder, had difficulty in sleeping on my left side, had frequent smothering spells and my heart would flutter and palpitate. I could eat scarcely any kind of food without suffering great distress, and was so restless and nervous that I slept little night or day. Now I am never bothered with my heart, my nerves are steady as a die, I sleep well, can eat and weigh 163 pounds. I am happy now and am trying to make back the money I spent for doctors who did me no good while I was ill."—T. R. CRAWFORD, Center, Texas.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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Short Line to principal cities of the South. Seaside, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest. Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City.

Trains leave Raleigh as follows: No. 50. NORTHBOUND. 1:20 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for all points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 38. 1:00 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for all LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norfolk to Richmond; connects at Anderson for Oxford and Wellesboro. A. C. L. at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast.

No. 56. 11:35 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis; at Washington with Penna. B. & O. for all points No. 57. SOUTHBOUND.

4:15 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest. No. 41.

4:00 p. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest. No. 27.

7:10 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Southern Pines, Pinehurst, Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest. Tickets on sale to all points. Pullman berths reserved, tickets delivered at UP-TOWN TICKET OFFICE, Yarbrough House Building, C. H. GATTS, C. T. & P. A., Phone 117, Raleigh, N. C. Z. P. SMITH, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

SPECIAL TRAIN SERVICE ACCOUNT NORTH CAROLINA STATE FAIR RALEIGH, N. C., OCTOBER 17-22, 1904.

The Southern Railway will operate for the accommodation of its patrons the following extra trains on Wednesday and Thursday, Oct. 19 and 20th:

Train leave Greensboro 7:00 a. m., arrive Raleigh 10:20 a. m.; leave Oxford 7:40 a. m., arrive Raleigh 10:00 a. m.; leave Morehead City (leave Goldsboro) 9:00 a. m., arrive Raleigh 11:00 a. m. These trains will stop at all stations for passengers. Special train leaves Raleigh returning:

For Greensboro, 6:30 p. m.; for Oxford, 5:30 p. m.; for Morehead City, 5:30 p. m. Norfolk & Western train No. 38 will be held at Durham until 6:30 p. m. on Oct. 19th, and 20th to connect with special trains Raleigh 6:30 p. m.

Train No. 136 will be here until 5:00 p. m. on Oct. 18-19 and 20th for accommodation of patrons from the east.

This splendidly arranged extra service together with our regular trains, which will be provided with extra cars will afford ample accommodation for those wishing to attend the fair.

Now rate round trip tickets on sale from all points within the State of North Carolina, including Norfolk, Richmond, Danville, Lynchburg and intermediate points on sale Oct. 14th to 21st inclusive and for trains arriving Raleigh before noon the 22nd, final limit Oct. 24th.

T. E. GREEN, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

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The Southern Railway announces the following low one way colonist fares September 14th to October 14th:

Raleigh to Prescott, Ariz.	\$48.25
Raleigh to San Francisco, Cal.	48.25
Raleigh to Spokane, Wash.	47.75

Through excursion sleepers from Washington to San Francisco three times a week, passing Greensboro Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. T. E. GREEN, C. T. A., Raleigh, N. C.

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NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

N. C. is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the Internal Revenue laws of the United States:

At Benson, N. C., August 24, 1904, 10 gallons of apple brandy of Pias Hudson.

At Keener, N. C., September 12, 1904, 10 gallons, apple brandy of A. P. Hornin.

At Robin Hill, N. C., September 12, 1904, 4 1/2 gallons apple brandy of Lovet Warren.

At Benson, N. C., September 20, 1904, one copper still cap and worm, 2 packages containing 20 gallons apple brandy of Pias Hudson.

At Franklinton, N. C., September 14, 1904, 14 gallons' apple brandy of Thomas Howel.

At Squires, N. C., September 24, 1 package apple brandy, 30 gallons, 3 judges corn whiskey of W. J. Tyson.

At Pocomoke, N. C., Sept. 24, 1904, 1 package corn whiskey, 23 gallons of Jerry Kitterel.

At Wilson, N. C., Oct. 15, 1904, 1 keg brandy, 25 gallons of S. J. Atkin.

At Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 20, 1904, 1 package, 30 or 35 gallons corn whiskey of J. W. Carroll.

At Durham, N. C., Oct. 21, 1904, 20 jugs of whiskey, 5 barrels of bottled spirits, 5 crates of bottled spirits, about 155 gallons of John Nichols.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector. J. P. H. ADAMS, Dep. Collector. Oct. 25th, 1904. Raleigh, N. C.

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